



Adjectives

An Adjective qualifies a noun, for example, clean, clear, wonderful, great, etc.

Basic Adjective Form:

A “Basic Adjective Form” qualifies a noun and helps us understand its qualities. For example, good, bad, high, low, beautiful, flexible, etc.

Comparative Adjective Form:

A “Comparative Adjective Form” qualifies but also gives a comparison between two people, groups, cities, etc., for example, better, worse, higher, lower, more beautiful, more flexible, etc.

Superlative Adjective Form:

A “Superlative Adjective Form” has no comparison and shows that the qualified noun has no comparison, for example, the best, the worst, the highest, the lowest, the most beautiful, the most flexible, etc.

Basic	Comparative	Superlative
fast	faster	the fastest
slow	slower	the slowest
brave	braver	the bravest
delightful	more delightful	the most delightful
faithful	more faithful	the most faithful
intelligent	more intelligent	the most intelligent
adorable	more adorable	the most adorable
awful	more awful	the most awful

Q.1. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the adjectives given at the end of each sentence.

1. My car is _____ John’s car as it is new. (good)
2. Manchester is a _____ city. (beautiful)
3. I have a _____ park near my house. (nice)
4. She is the _____ student in the class. (hardworking)
5. You are good but he is _____ than you in Maths. (clever)
6. London is the _____ city in the UK. (large)
7. About 100 people can sit here. It is a _____ hall. (big)
8. Today it is sunny but yesterday was _____ than today. (bright)
9. Sometimes you come late. Please try to be _____ (punctual)





10. Tomorrow we need to travel _____ and farther than today. (long)
11. You look _____ than before. Are you sick? (weak)
12. You cannot lose hope like that. You have to be _____. (strong)
13. This valley is the _____ place I have ever visited. (calm)
14. Manchester City Centre is really _____ at night. (chaotic)
15. This is a hospital. Please be _____. (quiet)
16. This is the _____ toy in the shop. (cute)
17. A tiger is the _____ animal in the wild. (fast)
18. He has just bought a _____ car. (red)
19. If you want to succeed you have to work _____ than before. (hard)
20. You need to give him more time for the task. He is _____. (slow)
21. New computers have the _____ on board. (fast)
22. Alton Towers have the _____ rides in the UK. (scary)
23. He is _____ of a spider than a snake. (afraid)
24. She is funny at home but _____ at school. (funny)
25. Mangoes are _____ than watermelons. (tasty)
26. This is the _____ cake I have ever eaten. (sweet)
27. Rose is a _____ flower. (delicate)
28. This mountain is _____ to climb. (hard)
29. My room is _____ thank yours, as usual. (clean)
30. It is _____ here these days than in Europe. (sunny)





If we don't want to emphasise any one of the adjectives, the most usual sequence of adjectives is:

order	relating to	examples
1	opinion	<i>unusual, lovely, beautiful</i>
2	size	<i>big, small, tall</i>
3	physical quality	<i>thin, rough, untidy</i>
4	shape	<i>round, square, rectangular</i>
5	age	<i>young, old, youthful</i>
6	colour	<i>blue, red, pink</i>
7	origin	<i>Dutch, Japanese, Turkish</i>
8	material	<i>metal, wood, plastic</i>
9	type	<i>general-purpose, four-sided, U-shaped</i>
10	purpose	<i>cleaning, hammering, cooking</i>

For example:

It was made of a **1strange**, **6green**, **8metallic** material.

It's a **2long**, **4narrow**, **8plastic** brush.

She was a **1beautiful**, **2tall**, **3thin**, **5young**, **6black-haired**, **7Scottish** woman.

What an **1amazing**, **2little**, **5old**, **7Chinese** cup, and saucer!





Q.2. Fill in the blanks with adjectives in the correct order.

1. A 3 _____, 3 _____, 4 _____ pin was pierced right in the middle of the 6 _____ plank. (green, round, rough, thin)
2. Last year I visited the most 1 _____, 7 _____ restaurant in the city. (Turkish, unusual)
3. It is 4 _____, 8 _____ box with three 6 _____ faces. (metallic, red, square)
4. He is a 5 _____, 6 _____, 7 _____ businessman. (Japanese, young, black-haired)
5. I saw him clearly. He was cleaning the floor with a 2 _____, 8 _____ broom with 6 _____ brush. (wooden, long, brown)
6. She as an _____ girl with _____ eyes and a _____ nose. (bright-green, hooked, unusual)
7. A _____, _____ man worked at my local _____ take-away. (Japanese, kind, old)
8. The council is constructing a _____, _____ road network around our area. (wide, general-purpose)
9. *He was a _____, _____, _____, _____, _____ man. (handsome, British, middle-aged, blonde, tall, lean)*
10. Snowdonia is a great place to visit with _____, _____, _____, mountains. (challenging to tread, enormous, rocky)

